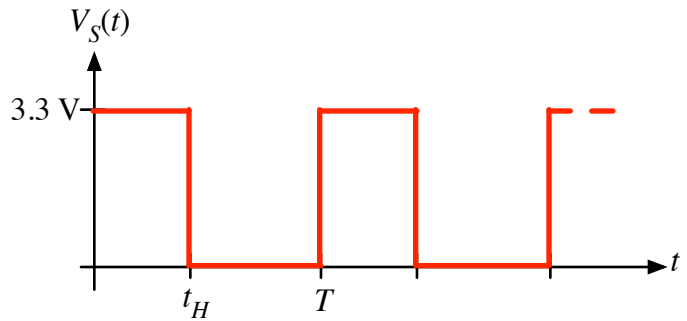


A digital square-wave voltage is shown at right. The voltage is periodic with $T = 5$ ms. During each period the voltage is “high” with a value of 3.3 V for a time of t_H ms, and it is low (= 0 V) for the remainder of the period.



a) Calculate the RMS voltage if $t_H = 2.5$ ms. $v_{RMS} =$ _____

b) Calculate the RMS voltage if $t_H = 1$ ms. $v_{RMS} =$ _____

c) Calculate the RMS voltage if $t_H = 4$ ms. $v_{RMS} =$ _____

d) Express the RMS voltage in terms of the *duty cycle* D , where $D = t_H / T$.

$v_{RMS} =$ _____

e) Finally, what is the RMS voltage of the square wave shown below ($t_H = 0.1$ ms and $T = 0.3$ ms)?

$v_{RMS} =$ _____

